Reading list:

Lipsky, A. M., & Greenland, S. (2022). Causal directed acyclic graphs. *JAMA*, *327*(11), 1083-1084.

Rohrer, J. M., Hünermund, P., Arslan, R. C., & Elson, M. (2022). That’sa lot to PROCESS! Pitfalls of popular path models. *Advances in Methods and Practices in Psychological Science*, *5*(2), 25152459221095827.

Williams, T. C., Bach, C. C., Matthiesen, N. B., Henriksen, T. B., & Gagliardi, L. (2018). Directed acyclic graphs: a tool for causal studies in paediatrics. *Pediatric research*, *84*(4), 487-493.

Wysocki, A. C., Lawson, K. M., & Rhemtulla, M. (2022). Statistical control requires causal justification. *Advances in Methods and Practices in Psychological Science*, *5*(2), 25152459221095823.

Examples:

Abraido-Lanza, A. F., Dohrenwend, B. P., Ng-Mak, D. S., & Turner, J. B. (1999). The Latino mortality paradox: a test of the" salmon bias" and healthy migrant hypotheses. *American journal of public health*, *89*(10), 1543-1548.

Agnew, R. (2013). When criminal coping is likely: An extension of general strain theory. *Deviant Behavior*, *34*(8), 653-670.

Moffitt, & Terrie, E. . (1993). Adolescence-limited and life-course-persistent antisocial behavior: a developmental taxonomy. Psychological Review, 100(4), 674-701.